REVIEW.

Saturday, August 30. 1712.

Given up to strong Delusions.

Have Complain'd, as I think I had Reason, of the mutual Agreement of our Party Men on both Sides, in the notorious Practice of Lying: The Manusacture of Falshood, however other rades may have decay'd in this Time of War, has approv'd to a wonderful degree; but pray, Neighbors, bear with me to tell you, we have another wil, which were we sensible of it, has something all worse in it among us; and this, a dreadful Gust and Inclination in the People all over the Nation, to the same and receive the most palpable Forgeries, a wilning is to be Deluded and Deceiv'd, and this, I link, is at a height it was never at before.

Lying is a private Crime, and lies particularly upthe Persons and People who are Guilty; but Bewing Lyes is a National Judgment, a Humour that
aints the whole Blood of the People: The first is
Disease, and like our New Distemper, Multitudes
ore than usual are Sick of it; but this is a Plague,
meer Visitation, that Rages over the whole Mass of
the People, and so Universally is the Contagion
read, that not a Man of us that has the least by ass
this or that Party, but is Inseated with it.

It would be endless to recount the particular Disveries of this Raging Distemper, and as unaccountage a Work would it he, to describe the Essects of it nong us; how it supports Parties, maintains Faction, and keeps up Strife; nay, I do not know, but its willingness to be imposed upon, is the Foundation of the Encrease of Lying among us, and that below would Lye, if no-body would be wheedled, sawn in, and perswaded to believe the Lyes when all them.

So Universal is our Gust, to the pleasing Folly of ting Deceiv'd, that such Lyes would never go down former days, as are current now — When the larket is quick, the Trash always sells: This Huour of believing is grown to such a height now, at any Thing goes off; Ithe grossest Lyes that can brought to Sale, never want a Market: What reciting nauseous Stuff has been drank by this whole ation within these three Years last past, till both des having Encourag'd the Trade, a World of our our are Employ d by the Useful Manusacture, and their Livelyhoods by Lying?

Nay, some are grown capital Dealers, and for their Excellency in the Faculty, might be chosen Aldermen of the City; To what Preferment has the Reverend Doctor arriv'd, by a most complicated Mass of Delusion? And yet had not the Plague of Believing been upon us, what length could his Poison have reached? What Age, but Ours, could have been impos'd upon, by such gross Scandalous, Ridiculous Stuff as the Dr's Sermon?

Unhappy is the Case of all our News-Writers at this Time, who are so prescrib'd by the Genius of the Day, that if any of them are modest, and cannot arrive to a necessary degree in the Art of Lying, it is no Paper sor our Turn, the Man may e'en lay down, he may tell Thread-bare Truths as long as he pleases, but he will never get his Bread.

One Author was such an unsashionable Wretch, that he set Truth and Honesty upon his Frontispiece, and pretended to keep his Title; but what was the Consequence? Alas, what could be the Consequence! why the Man broke, what could you expect of one that had no more Wit than to be dress'd quite out of the Fashion?

Others wifer than he, took warning by his Example, and Conforming to the Times, are pretty well advanc'd, and now they have learn't to LYE, they begin to please; what else has rais'd two of the most contemptible Papers in the Town? We know till this came on, they never made their Bread for some Years, and were every Day talking of laying down; but on a suddain, by Lying, are become the Darlings of the Party; nay, in their Contending Passions, our Authors mutually Agree in the Charge; poor Abel has the Vote of the whole Fraternity, that his Paper is not only capable of having one or two falle Things in it, but is one Universal Lump of Falst ood and Fiction; Abel flies back upon another, Recriminates and Christens him by way of Pun the Lying-Post; others Print false Stories, and support themselves, by charging them upon the Foreign Prints: And what is all this owing to, but the GuR of the Times ; they must be buoy'd up, and have Pillows sew'd under their Elbows, as if the Nation had the Rheumatism and was to be flung in Pullies, to be hoisted up, and let down as there was occasion.

Being thus, as we are a Nation of Believers, you cannot wonder if I expect you should have a formal Story handed to you from Scotland, about a great Confluence of People meeting in the West, and renewing the Covenant, Excommunicating sundry People, and among the rest, even the Parliament, the Presbyterian Ministers, and the Queen herself—And why should we make this strange? Do we not Excommunicate both Queen and Parliament, and Presbyterians every Day among us, both one Party and another, in our common Discourse?

But to return to the Fact; I cannot doubt, I say, but Mr. Post-Boy, from his constant Correspondents in the North, will have a long Account to give you, of this Meeting of the Cameronians, and that this Account shall be dress'd up in a form to please the Believers on his Side, viz. That at a Field Meeting, perhaps he may call it a Rebellion, tho' by the Way, the poor People had no Arms; a great Number of People, 8 or 5000 in Number. were Assembled; That their Meeting was for their Religious Worship, but that they Cursed the Queen, the Parliament, Oc. and much more, which the help of Art may put in, to

Illustrate this Account. Now that you may take every Thing with you, I shall let you know in the general, that the Fact is true, and that the poor Rash People have gone this length in their great Field Meeting for the Sacrament; in short, the Case is this, that as by the Essect of a Modern Step of Northern Politicks, we have raised an Old Devil, which good Men thought had been almost laid a long time ago, and the Raising this Devil, has been the Aim and Design of those People in Scotland, who have push'd at Dividing and Inflaming the People, and they have, in part, brought it to pass: But since Matters of this Consequence ought to be fet in a true Light, and the salse Reprefentations of the Enemies of Scotland, anticipated by a true Account of Things, for that Reason I shall only prepare the World to hear the false Account, by first giving them a true state of the Fact, and when this is done, let them make their best of the Story.

1. It is true, that in the West of Scotland, there are still remaining a few, and God be praised, by the Revolution, and the Endeavours of the Establish'd Presbyterian Ministers in Scotland, they were brought to a very few, and those every day decreasing, of those People who were formerly call'd Cameronians, who always flood out from the Revolution Settlement, would never join with the Church, either in Communion, so much as hear their Ministers, or submit to either the Civil or Ecclesiastick Constitution - What the Differences are, on what Principles they act, and what the Dispute is, these are Things too long to enter on here, but I may give a particular of them hereafter: These People had but one Leader, viz. Mr. Mac-Mellan, and have fince an Affistant, one Mr. Mac-Neil; the one an Ordain'd Minister, but Depos'd, the o-

ther not Ordain'd, and neither of them of any Cracter or Capacity, other than is peculiar to the happy People themselves.

2. It is true, and Undeniable, even the Episimen in Scotland must own and acknowledge in, the Establish'd Church of Scotland, viz. the Prestrians, reject, disown, and discountenance these ple, and are rejected and disown'd by them; that they have judicially, song ago, Depos did Mr. Mac-Mellan, from the Office of Minison the very Account of these Things; and the prov'd past any Reply; 1. On the Kill standard by ny Acts and Synods of Assembly against him and Followers; and 2dip, On their part, by their nouncing and Excommunicating the disasters of Church of Scotland in general, at the Trice of the neral Commination now spoken of

a. It is yet as true as all this, that the late Imfition of Oaths, contrary to Principle, and, think, (speaking my Conscience and Opinion only pressy against the late Union, by which, many so pulous and Disfatisfyed the Good and Conscience People, are driven to divide and separate from Establish'd Presbyterian Church in Sustand, has be a very great occasion of Encreasing the Number these unhappy People, and consequently of all Disorders which may tollow.

4. As to the Extravogaceus of these poor Peotheir Excommunicating the Queen and the Parment, and the Ministers of the Church. As the are the Essential of a miled Judgment, and as the nothing Formidable in the Power of Mannetrs of People, they seem to merit the Compassion and of the Government, rather than their Resents and it is hoped there may be other Ways to Red them, than such Bloody Methods as were praining the former Times, since it has been found. Lenity, Forbearance, and Patience, has sessentially their Numbers; whereas Persecution, Blood, Mann, and Dragoons, always Encreas defents.

Let those then who are for calling Fire from I ven upon these poor People, remember our Lord's monition. To know not what Spirit is are of, and them consider, that every militaken Opinion is immediately to be pursu d with Blood; let them move the Cause, and take off the Impositions Encroschments on the Consciences of them couple, and the Thing will die of itself, the Pire go out, and the People will return, of course Peace and Duty; If there are any, who deswicked Purposes, to Animate this People, and up this Fire into a National Flame and Carbon that they may have an Occasion thereby, as throw and destroy the Constitution of Scelans his Glory, whose Face is a stame of Fire, and a King and Head of the Church, Overthrow as stroy them. Amer.